

THE Civil War Curriculum

by the CIVIL WAR TRUST | Civilwar.org/curriculum

GOAL 4 | LESSON PLAN | ELEMENTARY

Life at War

GRADES: Elementary

APPROXIMATE LENGTH OF TIME: 50 minutes

GOAL: The student will describe the day-to-day life of a Civil War soldier

OBJECTIVES:

1. Students will be able to describe the use of the equipment, uniforms, weapons, and other items that soldiers would have carried.
2. Students will be able to identify three reasons why battles happened in a certain location.
3. After reading portions of soldiers' letters, students will be able to identify and discuss hardships soldiers faced.
4. Students will be able to discuss the role of the African American and immigrant soldier using primary and secondary sources.

MATERIALS:

1. Life at War PowerPoint
2. Anticipatory Questions
3. Anticipatory Questions Teacher's Key
4. Life at War Worksheet
5. Where Battles Happen
6. Samuel Cabbie's Letter Home
7. John Sweet's Letter Home
8. Analyzing a Primary Source Letter
9. Journey of a Slave Lithograph
10. Exit Ticket

ANTICIPATORY SET/HOOK:

1. Distribute *Anticipatory Questions* to each student
2. Have students complete their observations and answer questions with a partner.

PROCEDURE

Print out the PowerPoint with notes prior to class. There are notes included with the slides that can be on the printed slides, but won't be seen by your students during the presentation.

Activity 1

1. Pass out the *Life at War Worksheet* to each student.
2. Read and discuss *the Life at War PowerPoint* with your class, discussing different aspects of soldiering.
3. Have students complete the *Life at War Worksheet* during the presentation.

Activity 2

1. Pass out *Where Battles Happen* and discuss as a class why battles happen in relation to railroads, waterways, and capitals, filling in the boxes.
2. Discuss the second question, "Where else might a battle occur?"

Activity 3

1. As a class, read *Samuel Cabbie's* and *John Sweet's* letters home.
2. Analyze their letters using the *Analyzing a Primary Source Letter*.

Activity 4

1. Pass out the *Journey of a Slave Lithograph* and have the students write a new caption under each scene to describe the action occurring in each picture.

CLOSURE:

1. Have each student complete the *Exit Ticket* that discusses hardships faced by Civil War soldiers.

ASSESSMENT IN THIS LESSON:

1. Completed the *Life at War Worksheet*
2. Responses to the *Anticipatory Questions*
3. Informal assessment through questions during the PowerPoint presentation

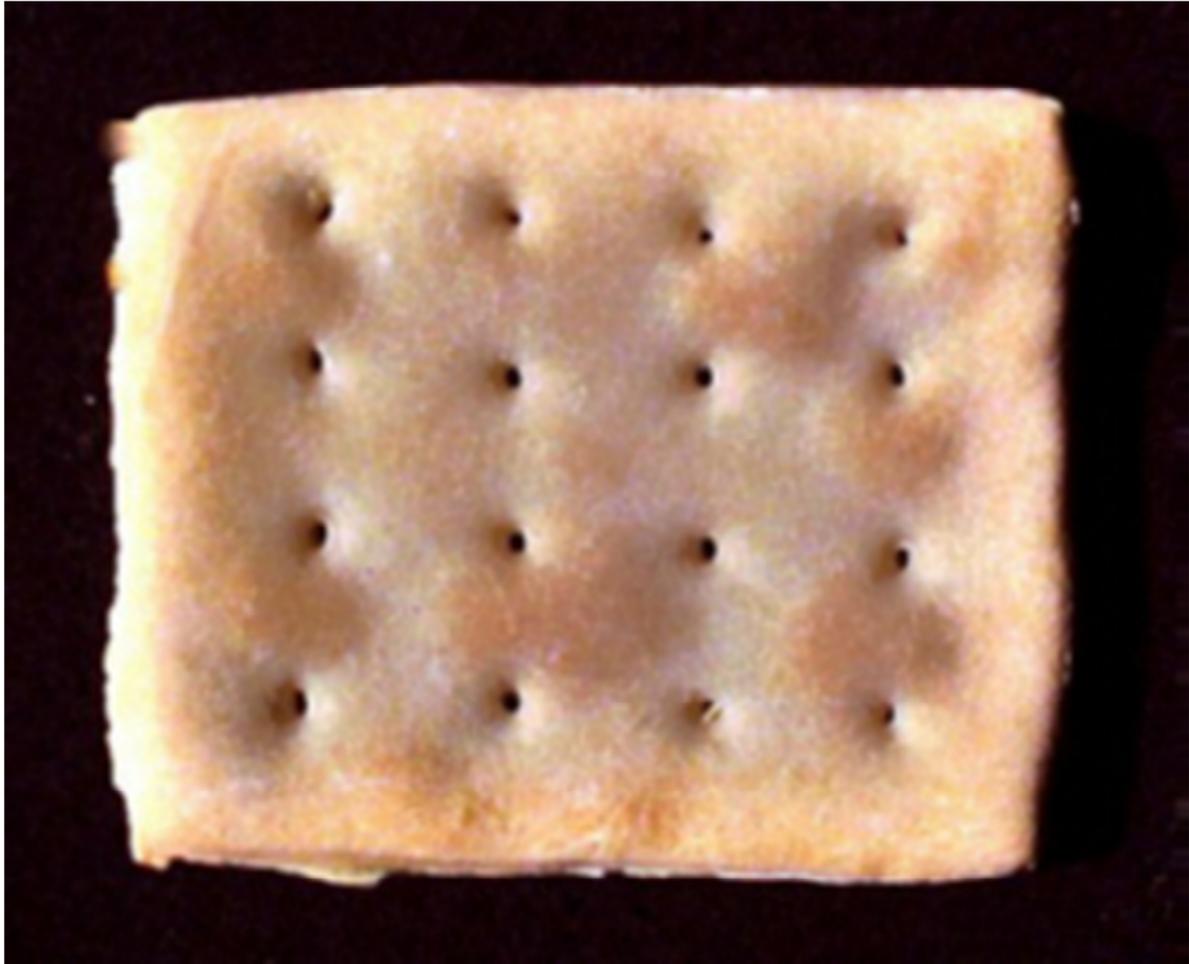
4. Primary source letter analysis
5. New captions for the *Journey of a Slave Lithograph*
6. Completed the *Exit Ticket* in which students list two hardships a Civil War soldier faced



Name: _____

Date: _____

Anticipatory Questions



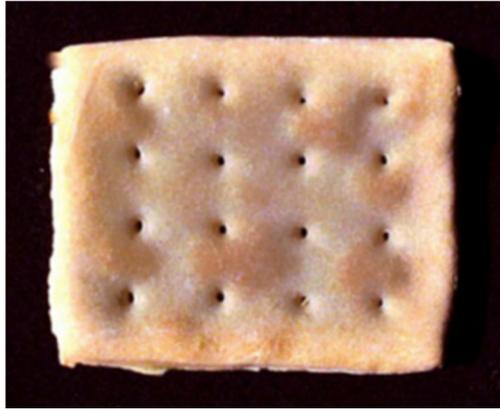
What does this picture remind you of?

Describe the way the item looks.

What do you think this item was used for?



Anticipatory Questions, Teacher's Guide



What does this picture remind you of?

Describe the way the item looks.

What do you think this item was used for?

Hardtack was a biscuit made of flour, water, and salt. Issued to Union soldiers during the Civil War, hardtack crackers made up a significant portion of a soldier's daily food supply. It was normally square in shape with small holes baked into it, similar to a soda cracker.



Life at War Worksheet

Directions: While viewing the PowerPoint, use the words in the work bank to fill in the blanks.

| Word Bank: | | |
|------------|----------|-----------|
| drilling | 620,000 | food |
| adventure | 16 | 23 |
| letters | sickness | available |
| Women | memories | |

The age of the average Civil War soldier was between _____ and _____ years of age.

One reason why someone might sign up to fight in the Civil War would be:

Hardtack and salt pork are examples of _____ eaten by Civil War soldiers.

Civil War soldiers kept in touch with family by writing

_____.

The majority of a soldier's time was spent _____ in camp, not fighting on the battlefield.

_____ men died in the Civil War.

Most men died of _____, not war wounds.

Hospitals were set up in any _____ structure, including houses and barns.

_____ came to help nurse the men back to health.

Soldiers faced _____ of the war for the rest of their lives.

The Things They Carried



All of a soldier's personal possessions were carried by the soldier, often in his haversack.

Identify and briefly write about five items in the table below:

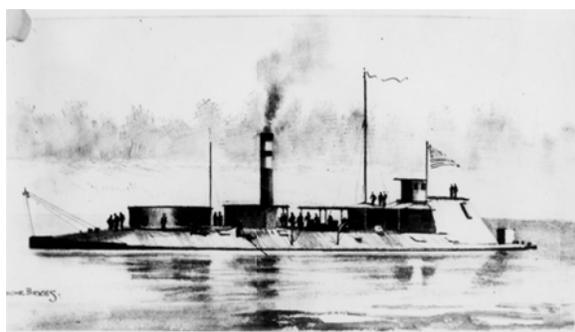
| Number | Name | What it was used for |
|--------|------|----------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |



Where Battles Happen



Near Railroads



Near Waterways



Richmond, VA



Washington, D.C.

Why did Civil War battles occur near or around these areas?

| Railroads & Waterways | Capitals |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | |

Where else might a battle occur? Why?



Samuel Cabble's Letter Home

Samuel Cabble, a Private in the Fifty-fifth Massachusetts Infantry (colored), was a slave before he joined the U.S. Army. He was twenty-one years old. Massachusetts 1863

Dear Wife i have enlisted in the army i am now in the state of Massachusetts but before this letter reaches you i will be in North Carlinia and though great is the present national dificulties yet i look forward to a brighter day When i shall have the opertunity of seeing you in the full enjoyment of fredom i would like to no if you are still in slavery if you are it will not be long before we shall have crushed the system that now opreses you for in the course of three months you shall have your liberty. great is the outpouring of the colered peopl that is now rallying with the hearts of lions against that very curse that has seperated you an me yet we shall meet again and oh what a happy time that will be when this ungodly rebellion shall be put down and the curses of our land is trampled under our feet i am a soldier now and i shall use my utmost endeavor to strike at the rebellion and the heart of this system that so long has kept us in chains . . . remain your own affectionate husband until death

Samuel Cabble

Samuel Cabble returned to Missouri for his wife, and together they moved to Denver, Colorado.



John Sweet's Letter Home

Letter from John Sweet, Confederate Soldier, to His Parents Tennessee November 1863

We have just returned from a trip into East Tenn where we got big amounts of everything to eat and everything we eat is so good to me as I had been starved out so long on some bread & beef, all that we got while we were here besieging Chattanooga. up there we got sweet and Irish potatoes, chickens, molassas, wheat bread and everything that was good for a poor soldier. Oh, how I do wish that I could be at home now, for it is getting late in the evening and I have had nothing to eat since breakfast and no telling when we will get rations for our rations are out, since we left our ration wagons behind in coming here to this place, for I know you have all had a good & plentiful dinner. I know you will say poor John, but this is only a chapter in military service which we often read, but I am content and will be more so when we get rations. The independence of the bounty is what I want and I am willing to suffer for something to eat many, many days if it will only send me to my dear parents, a full and independent boy.

John H. Sweet



Name: _____

Date: _____

Analyzing a Primary Source Letter

Samuel Cabble -

1. When was Samuel's letter written?

2. Where was Samuel when he wrote his letter?

3. Was Samuel a Union soldier, Confederate soldier, or civilian?

4. What was Samuel's background (that is, was he a native born white, a slave, a freeman, or an immigrant)?

5. What is Samuel's relationship to the recipient of this letter?

6. Why do you think Samuel wrote this letter?

7. What questions do you have about this letter, Samuel, or the people he was writing to?

John Sweet –

1. When was John's letter written?

2. Where was John when he wrote this letter?

3. Was John a Union soldier, Confederate soldier, or civilian?

4. What was John's background (that is, was he a native born white, a slave, a freeman, or an immigrant)?

5. What is John's relationship to the recipients of this letter?

6. Why do you think John wrote this letter?

7. What questions do you have about this letter, John, or the people he was writing to?



Journey of a Slave Lithograph

The following images depict the experience of an African American during the Civil War. Write a brief caption for each image.



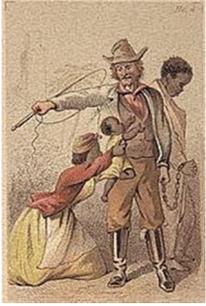
1.



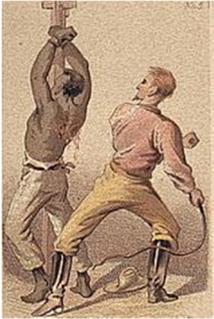
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3.



4.



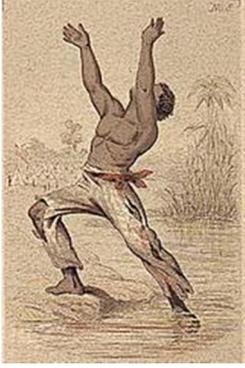
5.



6.



7.



8.



9.



10.



11.



12.

How do you think African Americans felt about fighting for the United States?



Name: _____

Date: _____

Exit Ticket

Name: _____

Describe two hardships experienced by Civil War soldiers.

-

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Exit Ticket

Name: _____

Describe two hardships experienced by Civil War Soldiers.

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